

Bills to Watch

2017 Legislative Session

SB 232 Requires court to ask petitioner at hearing for family or household abuse restraining order whether respondent possesses any firearms and to record answer on order.

Summary: Requires court to ask petitioner at hearing for family or household abuse restraining order whether respondent possesses any firearms and to record answer on order. Directs presiding judge of judicial district to adopt protocols relating to surrender of firearms by persons prohibited by court order from possessing firearms.

SB 248 Authorizes use of pseudonym, initials or other signifier instead of name of witness or victim in indictment when specified requirements are met.

Summary: Authorizes use of pseudonym, initials or other signifier instead of name of witness or victim in indictment when specified requirements are met.

SB 267 Provides that victim of sexual assault or domestic violence crime has right to obtain law enforcement records relating to crime.

Summary: Provides that victim of sexual assault or domestic violence crime has right to obtain law enforcement records relating to crime. Requires law enforcement agencies to provide copy of reports and records of child abuse and neglect investigation to victim, or victim's attorney, upon request.

SB 315 Authorizes court to order, at request of victim, special condition of probation restricting location of person's residence if person released on probation following conviction for felony stalking crime.

Summary: Authorizes court to order, at request of victim, special condition of probation restricting location of person's residence if person released on probation following conviction for felony stalking crime.

SB 318 Directs Department of Education to provide technical assistance and support to school districts and community colleges to prevent and respond to interpersonal violence.

Summary: Directs Department of Education to provide technical assistance and support to school districts and community colleges to prevent and respond to interpersonal violence.

SB 365 Requires law enforcement officer to perform lethality assessment after making mandatory arrest for domestic assault.

Summary: Requires law enforcement officer to perform lethality assessment after making mandatory arrest for domestic assault.

SB 402: Exempts agricultural workers from sick leave other than for agricultural worker who uses leave because of domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault, stalking or harm as result of certain felonies.

Summary: Exempts agricultural workers from sick leave other than for agricultural worker who uses leave because of domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault, stalking or harm as result of certain felonies.

SB 403: Limits availability of paid and unpaid sick leave to employee who uses leave because of domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault, stalking or harm as result of certain felonies.

Summary: Limits availability of paid and unpaid sick leave to employee who uses leave because of domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault, stalking or harm as result of certain felonies.

HB 2237 Prohibits transfer of firearm by gun dealer or private party if Department of State Police is unable to determine whether recipient is qualified to receive firearm. Modifies definition of relationship status pertaining to types of court orders and misdemeanor convictions of domestic violence that cause person to be prohibited from possessing firearms. Provides that conviction for stalking causes person to be prohibited from possessing firearms.

Summary: Prohibits transfer of firearm by gun dealer or private party if Department of State Police is unable to determine whether recipient is qualified to receive firearm. Modifies definition of relationship status pertaining to types of court orders and misdemeanor convictions that cause person to be prohibited from possessing firearms. Provides that conviction for stalking causes person to be prohibited from possessing firearm unless person obtains relief from prohibition. Punishes unlawful possession by maximum of one year's imprisonment, \$6,250 fine, or both.

HB 2555 Clarifies that for purposes of crime of coercion, person compels or induces another person to engage in conduct from which other person has legal right to abstain if person compels or induces woman to terminate woman's pregnancy.

Summary: Clarifies that for purposes of crime of coercion, person compels or induces another person to engage in conduct from which other person has legal right to abstain if person compels or induces woman to terminate woman's pregnancy.

HB 2602 Modifies crime of sexual abuse in the first degree by specifying location of prohibited touching constituting crime.

Summary: Modifies crime of sexual abuse in the first degree by specifying location of prohibited touching constituting crime.

HB 2603 Expands definition of physical injury in Oregon Criminal Code to include physical trauma when injured person is vulnerable victim.

Summary: Expands definition of physical injury in Oregon Criminal Code to include physical trauma when injured person is vulnerable victim.

HB 2621: Specifies what constitutes notification to, and cooperation with, law enforcement officials.

Summary: Specifies what constitutes notification to, and cooperation with, law enforcement officials. Directs Department of Justice to adopt rules defining "good cause" for failure to notify or cooperate with law enforcement officials for purpose of determining eligibility of crime victim for compensation award. Directs department to adopt rules establishing Limited Domestic Violence Counseling Award Program and Limited Sexual Assault Counseling Award Program. Increases maximum weekly payment rate of crime victim compensation award for loss of earnings and loss of support to dependents. Authorizes department to extend time period of review of crime victim compensation claim decision with permission of applicant. Authorizes law enforcement agencies to provide child abuse reports and records to department and to Attorney General for purpose of determining crime victim compensation claim

HB 2640 Requires showing that material witness previously failed to comply with subpoena before warrant of arrest may be issued for witness and before witness may be detained in custody.

Summary: Requires showing that material witness previously failed to comply with subpoena before warrant of arrest may be issued for witness and before witness may be detained in custody. Prohibits issuance of warrant of arrest for material witness, or detention in custody of material witness, if material witness is victim of crime. Requires court to terminate material witness order if, within 10 days after entry of order, court receives evidence that witness remains detained and has participated in deposition to perpetuate testimony.

HB 2712: Requires law enforcement agencies to adopt policies on responding to officer-involved domestic violence incidents.

Summary: Requires law enforcement agencies to adopt policies on responding to officer-involved domestic violence incidents. Defines "officer-involved domestic violence." Requires Department of Public Safety Standards and Training to adopt rules related to officer-involved domestic violence. Establishes Task Force on Officer-Involved Domestic Violence. Directs task force to develop model policy on officer-involved domestic violence. Sunsets task force on December 31, 2018. Declares emergency, effective on passage.

HB 2719 Modifies crime of aggravated animal abuse in the first degree to include maliciously causing physical injury to animal.

Summary: Modifies crime of aggravated animal abuse in the first degree to include maliciously causing physical injury to animal. Punishes by maximum of five years' imprisonment, \$125,000 fine, or both. Requires person convicted of certain animal crimes to register with law enforcement agencies. Requires disclosure of registration information on request and authorizes disclosure via Internet. Imposes registration fee and continuously appropriates fee moneys to Department of State Police for purposes of Act. Creates crime of failure to report as animal abuser. Punishes by maximum of five years' imprisonment, \$125,000 fine, or both. Declares emergency, effective on passage.